AMENDMENTS IN THE CLAIMS:

1.	(Cancelled)
2.	(Cancelled)
3.	(Cancelled)
4.	(Cancelled)
5.	(Cancelled)
6.	(Cancelled)
7.	(Cancelled)
8.	(Cancelled)
9.	(Cancelled)
10.	(Cancelled)
11.	(Cancelled)
12.	(Cancelled)
13.	(Cancelled)
14.	(Cancelled)
15.	(Cancelled)
16.	(Original) A method for delivering an extrudable material within a body of a mammal, the method comprising the steps of:
	(a) providing a delivery catheter, the delivery catheter comprising:

- (1) a first elongated member defining a first distal opening and a first lumen extending within the first elongated member, the first elongated member for delivering a first material through the first lumen and into a distal section of the first lumen near the first distal opening; and
- (2) a second elongated member comprising a distal valve and a second lumen extending within the second elongated member, the second elongated member for delivering a second material through the second lumen and the distal valve, at least a portion of the second elongated member being slidably disposed within at least a portion of the first lumen such that the distal valve is selectively slidable

- (i) to allow delivery of the second material through the second lumen and the distal valve and into the distal section, and
- (ii) to push at least some of the first and second materials from the distal section and out of the first distal opening; and
- (b) extruding a fibrous material out of the distal section and into the body of a mammal.
- 17. (Original) The method of claim 16 wherein step (b) comprises
 - i. delivering the first material comprising a crosslinking agent to the distal section through the first lumen; and
 - ii. delivering the second material comprising a crosslinkable polymer to the distal section through the second lumen, thereby forming a fibrous material in the distal section.
- 18. (Original) The method of claim 16 wherein the distal valve comprises a one-way flow-control valve.
- 19. (Original) The method of claim 17 wherein the first material surrounds the second material when the second material enters the distal section.
- 20. (Original) The method of claim 18 wherein step (b) comprises cutting the fibrous material by operating the valve.
- 21. (Original) The method of claim 17 further comprising the step of:
 - iii. pushing the fibrous material out of the distal section by sliding distally and longitudinally the distal valve into the distal section.
- 22. (Original) The method of claim 18 wherein step (b) comprises terminating the delivery of either the first material or the second material thereby terminating formation of the fibrous material.
- 23. (Original) The method of claim 17 wherein at least one of the first and second materials further comprises a bioadhesive agent.

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- 24. (Original) The method of claim 23 wherein the bioadhesive agent is selected from a group consisting essentially of collagen, laminin, fibronectin, poly-D-lysine, poly-L-lysine, decapeptides.
- 25. (Original) The method of claim 17 wherein the crosslinking agent comprises an ionic crosslinker.
- 26. (Original) The method of claim 25 wherein the crosslinking agent comprises a polycationic crosslinker.
- 27. (Original) The method of claim 26 wherein the polycationic crosslinker comprises a calcium ion.
- 28. (Original) The method of claim 17 wherein the crosslinkable polymer comprises an alginate.
- 29. (Original) The method of claim 16 further comprising the step of positioning the distal section of the catheter within the body of a mammal.
- 30. (Original) The method of claim 17 wherein the steps of delivering the first and second materials are sustained so as to form a fibrous material within the distal section and extrude the fibrous material out of the distal section and into the body of a mammal.